

GenCore version 5.1.7
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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: February 6, 2006, 14:38:11 ; Search time 1752 Seconds
(without alignments)
811.122 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-081-555C-3
Perfect score: 25
Sequence: 1 tagacagttcatgaagttcatctac 25

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 5893141 seqs, 28421725653 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 11766282

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : GenEmbl.*

- 1: gb_ba.*
- 2: gb_in.*
- 3: gb_env.*
- 4: gb_ov.*
- 5: gb_ov.*
- 6: gb_pat.*
- 7: gb_ph.*
- 8: gb_pr.*
- 9: gb_ro.*
- 10: gb_sts.*
- 11: gb_vy.*
- 12: gb_un.*
- 13: gb_vl.*
- 14: gb_htg.*
- 15: gb_pl.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	25	100.0	25	6	AR561609 Sequence
2	25	100.0	25	6	AR593234 Sequence
3	25	100.0	25	6	AX172812 Sequence
C 4	25	100.0	360	9	S82239 CYP3A23=naJ
C 5	25	100.0	1700	9	RATP450P
C 6	25	100.0	2073	9	AX827858 Sequence
C 7	25	100.0	2073	9	RNCYP3A1
C 8	25	100.0	7562	9	ABO08388
C 9	25	100.0	175876	14	AC123336
C 10	25	100.0	263127	14	AC112327
11	23	92.0	31	6	BD225215
12	23	92.0	31	6	AX399455
13	23	92.0	32	6	BD225220
14	23	92.0	32	6	AX399460
C 15	21.8	87.2	4230	9	RNCYTOBA01
C 16	21.8	87.2	8014	9	RNTES16
C 17	21	84.0	21	6	BD225225
C 18	21	84.0	21	6	BD227104

19	20.4	81.6	60858	8	AL512592	AL512592 Human DNA
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21	20.4	81.6	217652	14	AC150621	AC150621 Callithri
22	20.2	80.8	25	6	AR561610	AR561610 Sequence
23	20.2	80.8	25	6	AR593235	AR593235 Sequence
24	20.2	80.8	25	6	AX172813	AX172813 Sequence
C 25	20.2	80.8	1572	9	RNCYP3A2	X62087 R.norvegicu
26	19.8	79.2	110000	1	AE017261_10	Continuation (11 o
27	19.8	79.2	170588	8	CNS01RHF	AL161747 Human chr
C 28	19.8	79.2	184696	8	AC112507	AC112507 Homo sapi
C 29	19.8	79.2	216402	5	AC145978	AC145978 Gallus ga
C 30	19.8	79.2	233033	5	AC145947	AC145947 Gallus ga
C 31	19.4	77.6	986	5	EX934150	EX934150 Gallus ga
32	19.4	77.6	66374	15	CR382128_30	Continuation (31 o
C 33	19.2	76.8	2079	2	AF276833	AF276833 Phytomyza
C 34	19.2	76.8	71111	14	CR457451_3	Continuation (4 of
C 35	19.2	76.8	110000	1	AE016853_48	Continuation (49 o
C 36	19.2	76.8	110000	14	TANN2_02	Continuation (3 of
C 37	19.2	76.8	125205	9	AC154022	AC154022 Mus muscu
38	19.2	76.8	138943	14	CR847865	CR847865 Danio rer
C 39	19.2	76.8	159798	5	EX323794	EX323794 Zebrafish
C 40	19.2	76.8	163765	5	EX284684	EX284684 Zebrafish
41	19.2	76.8	174551	8	AC010598	AC010598 Homo sapi
42	19.2	76.8	200139	14	CR376839	CR376839 Danio rer
43	19.2	76.8	201349	14	CR847975	CR847975 Danio rer
C 44	19.2	76.8	218884	14	AC161536	AC161536 Mus muscu
45	19.2	76.8	227533	9	AC102656	AC102656 Mus muscu

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AR561609	Sequence 3 from patent US 6756491.	25 bp	DNA	linear	PAT 08-OCT-2004
LOCUS	AR561609					
DEFINITION	Sequence 3 from patent US 6756491.					
ACCESSION	AR561609					
VERSION	AR561609.1	GI:53974716				
KEYWORDS	Unknown.					
SOURCE	Unknown.					
ORGANISM	Unknown.					
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 25)					
AUTHORS	Evans,R.M. and Blumberg,B.					
TITLE	Steroid-activated nuclear receptors and uses therefor					
JOURNAL	Patent: US 6756491-A 3 29-JUN-2004;					
FEATURES	The Salk Institute for Biological Studies; La Jolla, CA					
source	Location/Qualifiers					
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	/mol_type="genomic DNA"					

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Db	1	TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTTCATCTAC	25	

RESULT 2	AR593234	Sequence 3 from patent US 6809178.	25 bp	DNA	linear	PAT 15-DEC-2004
LOCUS	AR593234					
DEFINITION	Sequence 3 from patent US 6809178.					
ACCESSION	AR593234					
VERSION	AR593234.1	GI:56642319				
KEYWORDS	Unknown.					
SOURCE	Unknown.					
ORGANISM	Unknown.					
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 25)					

entry [NCBI gibseq 178156] from the original journal article.

AUTHORS Evans, R.M. and Blumberg, B.
TITLE Steroid-activated nuclear receptors and uses therefor
JOURNAL Patent: US 6809178-A 3 26-OCT-2004;
The Salk Institute for Biological Studies; La Jolla, CA

FEATURES
source
1..25
Location/Qualifiers
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.6;
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Db 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 3
LOCUS AX172812 25 bp DNA linear PAT 03-JUL-2001
DEFINITION Sequence 3 from Patent WO0142230.
ACCESSION AX172812
VERSION AX172812.1 GI:14597861
KEYWORDS synthetic construct
SOURCE other sequences; artificial sequences.
ORGANISM

REFERENCE
1 Evans, R.M., Blumberg, B. and Xie, W.
AUTHORS Novel steroid-activated nuclear receptors and uses therefor
TITLE Patent: WO 0142290-A 3 14-JUN-2001;
JOURNAL THE SALK INSTITUTE FOR BIOLOGICAL STUDIES (US)

FEATURES
source
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/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.6;
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Db 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 4
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LOCUS S82239 360 bp DNA linear ROD 12-FEB-1997
DEFINITION CYP3A23=major glucocorticoid-inducible cytochrome P3A [promoter]
[rats, Wistar-Furth, Genomic, 360 nt].
ACCESSION S82239
VERSION S82239.1 GI:1839503
KEYWORDS Rattus sp.
SOURCE Rattus sp.
ORGANISM Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.

REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 360)
AUTHORS Huss, J.M., Wang, S.I., Astrom, A., McQuiddy, P. and Kasper, C.B.
TITLE Dexmethasone responsiveness of a major glucocorticoid-inducible CYP3A gene is mediated by elements unrelated to a glucocorticoid receptor binding motif

JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93 (10), 4666-4670 (1996)
PUBLISHED 864361
REMARK Genbank staff at the National Library of Medicine created this

FEATURES
source
1..360
Location/Qualifiers
/organism="Rattus sp."
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:10118"

gene
1..360
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/note="major glucocorticoid-inducible cytochrome P3A"
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/gene="CYP3A23"

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1..360
/gene="CYP3A23"

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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1;
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Db 189 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 165

RESULT 5
RATP450P/c
LOCUS RATP450P 1700 bp DNA linear ROD 30-MAY-2000
DEFINITION Rattus norvegicus cytochrome P-450 (CYP3A1) gene, partial cds.
ACCESSION M86850
VERSION M86850.1 GI:205919
KEYWORDS Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
SOURCE Rattus norvegicus
ORGANISM Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muroidae; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.

REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 1700)
AUTHORS Burger, H.J., Schuetz, J.D., Schuetz, E.G. and Guzelian, P.S.
TITLE Paradoxical transcriptional activation of rat liver cytochrome P-450 3A1 by dexamethasone and the antilucocorticoid pregnenolone 16 alpha-carbonitrile: analysis by transient transfection into primary monolayer cultures of adult rat hepatocytes

JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89 (6), 2145-2149 (1992)
PUBLISHED 1372436

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/tissue="EMBL1-1-4"
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/db_xref="GI:205920"
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TATA_signal
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CDS
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Db 1411 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 1387

RESULT 6
AX827858/c
LOCUS AX827858 2073 bp DNA linear PAT 12-DEC-2003

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DEFINITION Sequence 592 from Patent EP1344834.
ACCESSION AX827858
VERSION AX827858.1 GI:39838046
KEYWORDS
SOURCE
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
REFERENCE
1 Boess, P., Suter-Dick, L. and Wolf, D.
TITLE Methods for the toxicity prediction of a compound
JOURNAL Patent: EP 1344834-A 592 17-SEP-2003;
F. HOPFMANN-LA ROCHE AG (CH)
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..2073
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/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:10116"

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Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 6; Length 2073;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9;
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy 1 TAGACGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
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Db 1284 TAGACGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 1260

RESULT 7
RNCYP3A1/c
LOCUS R-norvegicus CYP3A1 gene for cytochrome P450 PCN1.
DEFINITION
ACCESSION X62086
VERSION X62086.1 GI:56037
KEYWORDS P450; monooxygenase; NADP dependent cytochrome P450 reductase;
phenobarbital-induced cytochrome P-450.
SOURCE Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
REFERENCE
1 Telhada, M.B., Pereira, T.M. and Lechner, M.C.
AUTHORS Effect of dexamethasone and phenobarbital on run-on transcription
TITLE rate and CYP3A mRNA concentration in rat liver: changes during
development
JOURNAL Arch. Biochem. Biophys.
REFERENCE
2 (bases 1 to 2073)
AUTHORS Lechner, M.C.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (02-SEP-1991) M.C. Lechner, Instituto Gulbenkian de
Ciencia, Lab. Bioquimica, Apartado 14, 2781 Oeiras Codex, PORTUGAL
COMMENT For related sequences see X62087, M10161, Gonzalez F.J.; Mol.Cell
Biol 6:2969-2976 (1986) & Yanagida A.; Mol.Cell Biol.
10:1470-1475(1990).
FEATURES
source
Location/Qualifiers
1..2073
/organism="Rattus norvegicus"
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/strain="Wistar"
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/clone="pBluescript II SK +/- CYP3A1"
/tissue_type="liver"
/clone_lib="genomic: EMBL3cosW"
/dev_stage="adult"
complement(551..562)
note="Basic transcription element"
misc_feature 1367..1371
TATA_signal 1398..1557
Gene /gene="CYP3A1"

1398..1557
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Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9;
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Cy 1 TAGACGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
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Db 1284 TAGACGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 1260

RESULT 8
AB008388/c
LOCUS Rattus norvegicus CYP3A1 gene for cytochrome P450/6 beta B,
DEFINITION complete cds.
ACCESSION AB008388 AB008378 AB008379 AB008380 AB008381 AB008382
AB008383 AB008384 AB008385 AB008386 AB008387 AB008389
AB008388.2 GI:60391376
VERSION
KEYWORDS Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
SOURCE Rattus norvegicus
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
REFERENCE
1 Nagata, K., Ogino, M., Shimada, M., Miyata, M., Gonzalez, F.J. and
Yamazoe, Y.
AUTHORS Structure and expression of the rat CYP3A1 gene: isolation of the
TITLE gene (P450/6betaB) and characterization of the recombinant protein
JOURNAL Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 362 (2), 242-253 (1999)
PUBMED 9989933
REFERENCE
2 (bases 1 to 7562)
AUTHORS Nagata, K., Ogino, M., Shimada, M., Miyata, M. and Yamazoe, Y.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (21-OCT-1997) Kiyoshi Nagata, Faculty of Pharmaceutical
Sciences, Tohoku University, Division of Drug Metabolism and
Molecular Toxicology; Aza-Aoba, Aramaki, Aoba-ku, Sendai, Miyagi,
980-77, Japan (E-mail:nagataki@mail.pharm.tohoku.ac.jp,
Tel:022-217-6830, Fax:022-217-6826)
COMMENT On or before Mar 1, 2005 this sequence version replaced gi:2575801,
gi:2575789, gi:2575790, gi:2575791, gi:2575792, gi:2575793,
gi:2575794, gi:2575795, gi:2575796, gi:2575797, gi:2575798,
gi:2575799, gi:2575800.
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Exon 1223..1383
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5746..5906,6110..6336,6494..6656,6983..7078)
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RQKGGKPVKVGAYSMVDIYSTGVDNLNPKDPFVEKAKKLRIIDFPDPLF
LSVLRPLPVPVEMLNICWFKDSTIEFPKKFVVRNKPTELDSVOKHRYDFQLMNA
HNDKOKESHSTALSDMEITAQSLIFIFAGVEPTSSLTSLFVLSLATHPTQKKLQBEI
DRALPKAPTDTVMEMEYLDVNLNETLRYPIGNRLERVKCKDVEINGVMPKGSV
VMIPTALHDDPQHWPPEFRPERFSKENKGSIDPYVLPFGNGPRNCIGMRPALMN
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ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 9; Length 7562;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7;
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
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Db 1009 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 985
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RESULT 9
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LOCUS Rattus norvegicus clone CH230-264B4, WORKING DRAFT SEQUENCE, 3
DEFINITION Rattus norvegicus 175876 bp DNA linear
AC123336
unordered pieces.
AC123336 GI:25138142
HTG; HTGS PHASE1; HTGS DRAFT; HTGS_FULLTOP.
Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
1 (bases 1 to 175876)
Muzny,D.,Marie., Metzker,M.,Lee., Abramzon,S., Adams,C., Alder,J.,
Allen,C., Allen,H., Alsbrooks,S., Amin,A., Anguiano,D.,
Anyalebechi,V., Aoyagi,A., Ayodeji,M., Baca,E., Baden,H.,
Baldwin,D., Bandaranaike,D., Barber,M., Barnstead,M., Benahmed,F.,
Biswal,K., Blair,J., Burch,P., Burrell,K., Blyth,P., Brown,M.,
Bryant,N., Buhay,C., Burch,P., Burrell,K., Calderon,E.,
Cardenas,V., Carter,K., Cavazos,I., Ceasar,H., Chen,Y., Chen,Z.,
Chacko,J., Chavez,D., Chen,G., Chen,R., Chen,Y., Chen,Z., Chu,J.,
Cleveland,C., Cockrell,R., Cox,C., Coyle,M., Cree,A., D'Souza,L.,
Davila,M.L., Davis,C., Davy-Carroll,L., De Anda,C., Dederich,D.,
Delgado,O., Denson,S., Deramo,C., Ding,Y., Dinh,H., Divya,K.,
Draper,H., Dugan-Rocha,S., Dunn,A., Durbin,K., Duval,B., Eaves,K.,
Egan,A., Escotto,M., Eugene,C., Evans,C.A., Falls,T., Fan,G.,
Fernandez,S., Finley,M., Flagg,N., Forbes,L., Foster,M., Foster,P.,
Fraser,C.M., Gabisi,A., Ganta,R., Garcia,A., Garner,T., Garza,M.,
Gebregeorgis,E., Geer,K., Gill,R., Grady,M., Guerra,W., Guevara,W.,
Gunaratne,P., Haaland,W., Hamil,C., Hamilton,C., Hamilton,K.,
Harvey,Y., Haviak,P., Hawes,A., Henderson,N., Hernandez,J.,
Hernandez,R., Hines,S., Hladun,S.L., Hodgson,A., Hogue,M.,
Hollins,B., Howells,S., Hulyk,S., Hume,J., Idlebird,D., Jackson,A.,
Jackson,L., Jacob,L., Jiang,H., Johnson,B., Johnson,R., Jolivet,A.,
Karpathy,S., Kelly,S., Kelly,S., Khan,Z., King,L., Kovar,C.,
Kowis,C., Kraft,C.L., Lebow,H., Levan,J., Lewis,L., Li,Z., Liu,J.,
Liu,J., Liu,W., Liu,Y., London,P., Longacre,S., Lopez,J.,
Lorensuewa,L., Loulseg,H., Lozado,R.J., Lu,X., Ma,J.,
Maheshwari,M., Mahindartne,M., Mahmoud,M., Malloy,K., Mangum,A.,
Mangum,B., Mapua,P., Martin,K., Martin,R., Martinez,E.,
Mawhiney,S., McLeod,M.P., McNeill,T.Z., Meenen,E.,
Milosavljevic,A., Miner,G., Minja,E., Montemayor,J., Moore,S.,
Morgan,M., Morris,K., Morris,S., Munidasa,M., Murphy,M., Nair,L.,
Nankervis,C., Neal,D., Newton,N., Nguyen,N., Norrie,S.,
Nwaekelemeh,O., Okwuonu,G., Olarnpunsagoon,A., Pal,S., Parks,K.,
Pasternak,S., Paul,H., Perez,A., Perez,L., Pfannkoch,C.,
Plopper,F., Poindexter,A., Popovic,D., Primus,E., Pu,L.-L.,
Puzo,M., Quiroz,J., Rachlin,E., Reeves,K., Regier,M.A., Reigh,R.,
Reilly,B., Reilly,M., Ren,Y., Reuter,M., Richards,S., Riggs,F.,
Rives,C., Rodkey,T., Rojas,A., Rose,M., Rose,R., Ruiz,S.J., Shen,H.,
Sanders,W., Savery,G., Scherer,S., Scott,G., Shatsman,S., Shen,H.,
Shetty,J., Shvartsbeyn,A., Sisson,I., Sitter,C.D., Smajs,D.,
Sneed,A., Sodergren,E., Song,X.-Z., Sorelle,R., Sosa,J.,
Steimle,M., Strong,R., Sutton,A., Svatek,A., Tabor,P., Taylor,C.,
Taylor,T., Thomas,N., Thomas,S., Tingey,A., Trejos,Z., Umani,K.,
Valas,R., Vera,V., Villaseana,D., Waldron,L., Walker,B., Wang,J.,
Wang,Q., Wang,S., Warren,J., Warren,R., Wei,X., White,F.,
Williams,G., Willson,R., Wlarczyk,R., Wooden,H., Worley,K.,
Wright,D., Wright,R., Wu,J., Yakub,S., Yen,J., Yoon,L., Yoon,V.,
Yu,F., Zhang,J., Zhou,J., Zhou,X., Zhou,S., Zhao,S., Dunn,D., von
Niederhausern,A., Weiss,R., Smith,D.R., Holt,R.A., Smith,H.O.,
Weinstock,G. and Gibbs,R.A.
Direct Submission
Unpublished
2 (bases 1 to 175876)
Worley,K.C.

TITLE
JOURNAL

REFERENCE
AUTHORS
JOURNAL

COMMENT

Direct Submission
Submitted (29-MAY-2002) Human Genome Sequencing Center, Department
of Molecular and Human Genetics, Baylor College of Medicine, One
Baylor Plaza, Houston, TX 77030, USA

3 (bases 1 to 175876)
Rat Genome Sequencing Consortium.

Direct Submission
Submitted (20-NOV-2002) Human Genome Sequencing Center, Department
of Molecular and Human Genetics, Baylor College of Medicine, One
Baylor Plaza, Houston, TX 77030, USA

On Nov 20, 2002 this sequence version replaced gi:23811860.
The sequence in this assembly is a combination of BAC based reads
and whole genome shotgun sequencing reads assembled using Atlas
(<http://www.hgsc.bcm.tmc.edu/projects/rat/>). Each contig described
in the feature table below represents a scaffold in the Atlas
assembly (a 'contig-scaffold'). Within each contig-scaffold,
individual sequence contigs are ordered and oriented, and separated
by sized gaps filled with Ns to the estimated size. The sequence
may extend beyond the ends of the clone and there may be sequence
contigs within a contig-scaffold that consist entirely of whole
genome shotgun sequence reads. Both end sequences and whole genome
shotgun sequence only contigs will be indicated in the feature
table.

----- Genome Center
Center: Baylor College of Medicine
Center code: BCM
Web site: <http://www.hgsc.bcm.tmc.edu/>
Contact: hgsc-help@bcm.tmc.edu
----- Project Information
Center project name: GUND
Center clone name: CH230-264B4
----- Summary Statistics
Assembly program: Phrap; version 0.990329
Consensus quality: 163335 bases at least Q40
Consensus quality: 165141 bases at least Q30
Consensus quality: 166401 bases at least Q20
Estimated insert size: 169316; sum-of-contigs estimation
Quality coverage: 7x in Q20 bases; sum-of-contigs estimation

* NOTE: Estimated insert size may differ from sequence length
* (see http://www.hgsc.bcm.tmc.edu/docs/Genbank_draft_data.html).
* NOTE: This is a 'working draft' sequence. It currently
* consists of 3 contigs. The true order of the pieces
* is not known and their order in this sequence record is
* arbitrary. Gaps between the contigs are represented as
* runs of N, but the exact sizes of the gaps are unknown.
* This record will be updated with the finished sequence
* as soon as it is available and the accession number will
* be preserved.
* 1 25872: contig of 25872 bp in length
* 25873 25972: gap of unknown length
* 25973 174283: contig of 148311 bp in length
* 174284 175876: gap of unknown length
* 174384 175876: contig of 1493 bp in length.
Location/Qualifiers
1. 175876
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/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:10116"
/clone="CH230-264B4"
2416. 3273
/note="clone boundary
clone_end:5p6
site:
end_sequence:RXDX02TV"
25873. 25972
/estimated_length=unknown
25973. 27022
/note="wgs contig"
complement(142671..143326)
/note="clone_boundary
clone_end:T7
site:

end_sequence:BZ120347"
169909. 171359
/note="wgs end_extension
clone_end:T7"
173203. 174283
/note="wgs end_extension
clone_end:T7"
174284. 174383
/estimated_length=unknown
ORIGIN
Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 14; Length 175876;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.3;
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Qy 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
|||||
Db 115324 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 115300
RESULT 10
AC112327/c
LOCUS AC112327 263127 bp DNA linear HTG 09-NOV-2002
DEFINITION Rattus norvegicus clone CH230-177H19, *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS

ACCESSION AC112327
VERSION AC112327.4 GI:24635585
KEYWORDS HTG: HTGS PHASE2; HTGS DRAFT; HTGS_ENRICHED.
SOURCE Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muridea; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 263127)
Murny,D,Marie., Metzker,M, Lee., Abramzon,S., Adams,C., Alder,J.,
Allen,C., Allen,H., Alsbrooks,S., Amin,A., Anguiano,D.,
Anyalebechi,V., Aoyagi,A., Ayodeji,M., Baca,E., Baden,H.,
Baldwin,D., Bandaranaike,D., Barber,M., Barnstead,M., Benahmed,F.,
Biswal,K., Blair,J., Blankenburg,K., Blyth,P., Brown,M.,
Bryant,N., Buhay,C., Burch,P., Burrell,K., Calderon,E.,
Cardenas,V., Carter,K., Cavazos,I., Cesar,H., Center,A.,
Chacko,J., Chavez,D., Chen,G., Chen,R., Chen,Y., Chen,Z., Chu,J.,
Cleveland,C., Cockrell,R., Cox,C., Coyle,M., Cree,A., D'Souza,L.,
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Fernandez,S., Finley,M., Flagg,N., Forbes,L., Foster,M., Foster,P.,
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Gebregeorgis,E., Geer,K., Gill,R., Grady,M., Guerra,W., Guevara,W.,
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Karpathy,S., Kelly,S., Kelly,S., Khan,Z., King,L., Kovar,C.,
Kowis,C., Kraft,C.L., Lebow,H., Levan,J., Lewis,L., Li,Z., Liu,J.,
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Milosavljevic,A., Miner,G., Minja,E., Montemayor,J., Moore,S.,
Morgan,M., Morris,K., Morris,S., Munidasa,M., Murphy,M., Nair,L.,
Nankervis,C., Neal,D., Newton,N., Nguyen,N., Norris,S.,
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Pruza,M., Quiroz,J., Rachlin,E., Reeves,K., Regier,M.A., Reigh,R.,
Reilly,B., Reilly,M., Ren,Y., Reuter,M., Richards,S., Riggs,F.,
Rives,C., Rodkey,T., Rojars,A., Rose,R., Rose,R., Ruiz,S.J.,
Sanders,W., Savery,G., Scherer,S., Scott,G., Shatsman,S., Shen,H.,
Shetty,J., Shvartsbeyn,A., Sisson,I., Sitter,C.D., Smajs,D.,

Sneed, A., Sodergren, E., Song, X.-Z., Sorelle, R., Sosa, J.,
 Steimle, M., Strong, R., Sutton, A., Svatek, A., Tabor, P., Taylor, C.,
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 Yu, F., Zhang, J., Zhou, J., Zhou, X., Zhao, S., Dunn, D., von
 Niederhausern, A., Weiss, R., Smith, D.R., Holt, R.A., Smith, H.O.,
 Weinstock, G. and Gibbs, R.A.

TITLE
 JOURNAL
 REFERENCE
 AUTHORS
 TITLE
 JOURNAL

REFERENCE
 AUTHORS
 TITLE
 JOURNAL

COMMENT

Unpublished
 2 (bases 1 to 263127)
 Worley, K.C.
 Direct Submission
 Submitted (21-FEB-2002) Human Genome Sequencing Center, Department
 of Molecular and Human Genetics, Baylor College of Medicine, One
 Baylor Plaza, Houston, TX 77030, USA
 3 (bases 1 to 263127)
 Rat Genome Sequencing Consortium.
 Direct Submission
 Submitted (09-NOV-2002) Human Genome Sequencing Center, Department
 of Molecular and Human Genetics, Baylor College of Medicine, One
 Baylor Plaza, Houston, TX 77030, USA
 On Nov 6, 2002 this sequence version replaced gi:23101322.
 The sequence in this assembly is a combination of BAC based reads
 and whole genome shotgun sequencing reads assembled using Atlas
 (<http://www.hgsc.bcm.tmc.edu/projects/rat/>). Each contig described
 in the feature table below represents a scaffold in the Atlas
 assembly (a 'contig-scaffold'). Within each contig-scaffold,
 individual sequence contigs are ordered and oriented, and separated
 by sized gaps filled with Ns to the estimated size. The sequence
 may extend beyond the ends of the clone and there may be sequence
 contigs within a contig-scaffold that consist entirely of whole
 genome shotgun sequence reads. Both end sequences and whole genome
 shotgun sequence only contigs will be indicated in the feature
 table.

----- Genome Center
 Center: Baylor College of Medicine
 Center code: BCM
 Web site: <http://www.hgsc.bcm.tmc.edu/>
 Contact: hgsc-help@bcm.tmc.edu
 ----- Project Information
 Center project name: GOVD
 Center clone name: CH230-177H19
 ----- Summary Statistics
 Assembly program: Phrap; version 0.990329
 Consensus quality: 203179 bases at least Q40
 Consensus quality: 206343 bases at least Q30
 Consensus quality: 208281 bases at least Q20
 Estimated insert size: 208801; sum-of-contigs estimation
 Quality coverage: 6x in Q20 bases; sum-of-contigs estimation

 * NOTE: Estimated insert size may differ from sequence length
 (see http://www.hgsc.bcm.tmc.edu/docs/Genbank_draft_data.html).
 * NOTE: This is a 'working draft' sequence. It currently
 consists of 1 contigs. Gaps between the contigs
 are represented as runs of N. The order of the pieces
 is believed to be correct as given, however the sizes
 of the gaps between them are based on estimates that have
 been provided by the submitter.
 * This sequence will be replaced
 * by the finished sequence as soon as it is available and
 * the accession number will be preserved.
 * 1 263127: contig of 263127 bp in length.
 Location/Qualifiers
 1..263127
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 /mol_type="genomic DNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:10116"
 /clone="CH230-177H19"
 1..1099
 /note="wgs_end_extension"

FEATURES
 source

misc_feature

misc_feature
 clone_end:Sp6"
 30793..32104
 /note="wgs_end_extension"
 clone_end:Sp6"
 32283..32865
 /note="clone_boundary"
 clone_end:Sp6
 site:ECORI
 end_sequence:BH273139"

ORIGIN

Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 14; Length 263127;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 1.3;
 Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTTCATCTAC 25
 Db 62954 TAGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTTCATCTAC 62930

RESULT 11
 BD225215
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION
 Orphan nuclear receptor.
 ACCESSION
 BD225215
 VERSION
 BD225215.1 GI:33034985
 KEYWORDS
 JP 2002535241-A/4.
 SOURCE
 synthetic construct
 ORGANISM
 synthetic construct
 REFERENCE
 1 (bases 1 to 31)
 AUTHORS
 Kliewer, S.A. and Willson, T.M.
 TITLE
 Orphan nuclear receptor
 JOURNAL
 Patent: JP 2002535241-A 4 22-OCT-2002;
 GLAXO GROUP LTD
 COMMENT
 OS Artificial Sequence
 PN JP 2002535241-A/4
 PD 22-OCT-2002
 PP 26-MAR-1999 JP 2000537897
 PR 27-MAR-1998 US 60/079593
 PI STEVEN ANTHONY KIEWER, TIMOTHY MARK WILLSON
 PC C07K14/00, C07K14/435, C07K19/00, C12N5/10, C12N15/09,
 PC C12Q1/68,
 PC G01N33/15, G01N33/50, G01N33/566, C12N5/00, C12N15/00 CC DNA

genome
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT source 1..31
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 1..31
 Location/Qualifiers
 /organism="synthetic construct"
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 /db_xref="taxon:32630"

ORIGIN

Query Match 92.0%; Score 23; DB 6; Length 31;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred.No. 21;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 AGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTTCATCTA 24
 Db 5 AGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTTCATCTA 27

RESULT 12
 AX399455
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION
 Sequence 4 from Patent WO0197856.
 ACCESSION
 AX399455
 VERSION
 AX399455.1 GI:21262007
 KEYWORDS
 synthetic construct
 ORGANISM
 synthetic construct

AX399455
 Sequence 4 from Patent WO0197856.
 AX399455
 AX399455.1 GI:21262007
 synthetic construct
 synthetic construct

FEATURES

source

misc_feature

```

other sequences; artificial sequences.
1
REFERENCE
AUTHORS Klierer,S.A., Jones,S.A. and Willson,T.M.
TITLE An orphan nuclear receptor
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0197856-A 4 27-DEC-2001;
GLAXO GROUP LIMITED (GB)
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1..31
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
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/note="DNA genome"
ORIGIN
Query Match 92.0%; Score 23; DB 6; Length 31;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 21;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 24
|||||
DB 5 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 27

RESULT 13
BD225220
LOCUS Orphan nuclear receptor. 32 bp DNA linear PAT 17-JUL-2003
DEFINITION BD225220
ACCESSION BD225220
VERSION BD225220.1 GI:33034990
KEYWORDS JP 2002535241-A/9.
SOURCE synthetic construct
ORGANISM other sequences; artificial sequences.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 32)
AUTHORS Klierer,S.A. and Willson,T.M.
TITLE Orphan nuclear receptor
JOURNAL Patent: JP 2002535241-A 9 22-OCT-2002;
GLAXO GROUP LTD
OS Artificial Sequence
PN JP 2002535241-A/9
PD 22-OCT-2002
PF 26-MAR-1999 JP 2000537897
PR 27-MAR-1998 US 60/079593
PI STEVEN ANTHONY KLEIERER,TIMOTHY MARK WILLSON
PC C07K14/00,C07K14/435,C07K14/705,C07K19/00,C12N5/10,C12N15/09,
PC C12Q1/68.
PC G01N33/15,G01N33/50,G01N33/566,C12N5/00,C12N15/00 CC DNA
genome
FH key Location/Qualifiers
FT source 1..32
FT /organism="Artificial Sequence".
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
1..32
/organism="synthetic construct"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/db_xref="taxon:32630"
ORIGIN
Query Match 92.0%; Score 23; DB 6; Length 32;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 21;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 24
|||||
DB 6 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 28

RESULT 14
AX399460
LOCUS Sequence 9 from Patent WO0197856.
DEFINITION AX399460
ACCESSION AX399460
VERSION AX399460.1 GI:21262012

other sequences; artificial sequences.
1
REFERENCE
AUTHORS Klierer,S.A., Jones,S.A. and Willson,T.M.
TITLE An orphan nuclear receptor
JOURNAL Patent: WO 0197856-A 4 27-DEC-2001;
GLAXO GROUP LIMITED (GB)
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
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/mol_type="unassigned DNA"
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/note="DNA genome"
ORIGIN
Query Match 92.0%; Score 23; DB 6; Length 32;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 21;
Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 24
|||||
DB 6 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 28

RESULT 15
RNCYTOBA01/c
LOCUS RNCYTOBA01 4230 bp DNA linear ROD 22-JUN-1995
DEFINITION Rattus norvegicus testosterone 6-beta-hydroxylase, cytochrome
P450/6-beta-A, (CYP3A2) gene, exons 1 and 2.
ACCESSION U09725 M74443
VERSION U09725.1 GI:498847
KEYWORDS
SEGMENT 1 of 10
SOURCE Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
ORGANISM Rattus norvegicus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Sciurognathi; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 4230)
AUTHORS Miyata,M., Nagata,K., Shimada,M., Yamazoe,Y. and Kato,R.
TITLE Structure of a gene and cDNA of a major constitutive form of
testosterone 6 beta-hydroxylase (P450/6 beta A) encoding CYP3A2:
comparison of the cDNA with P450PCN2
JOURNAL Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 314 (2), 351-359 (1994)
PUBMED 7979376
REFERENCE
2 (bases 311 to 3569)
AUTHORS Miyata,M., Nagata,K., Yamazoe,Y. and Kato,R.
TITLE A gene structure of testosterone 6 beta-hydroxylase (P450IIIA)
JOURNAL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 177 (1), 68-73 (1991)
PUBMED 2043144
REFERENCE
3 (bases 1 to 4230)
AUTHORS Miyata,M.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (13-MAY-1994) Masaaki Miyata, Department of Pharmacology,
Keio University, School of Medicine, 35 Shinanomachi, Shinjuku-ku,
Tokyo 160, Japan
COMMENT On Jun 13, 1994 this sequence version replaced gi:205918.
FEATURES
source Location/Qualifiers
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/organism="Rattus norvegicus"
/mol_type="genomic DNA"
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/number=1
3555..3556
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exon
conflict

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/note="sequencing error in GenBank Accession Number

M74443"

/citation=[2]

/replace="T"

3900..33993

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/number=2

exon

ORIGIN

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 87.2%; Score 21.8; DB 9; Length 4230;

Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

Db 3256 TAACAGTTCATAAAGTTCATCTAC 3232

Search completed: February 6, 2006, 15:11:32
Job time : 1756 secs

GenCore version 5.1.7
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OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: February 6, 2006, 14:20:25 ; Search time 286 Seconds
(without alignments)
582.578 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-081-555C-3
Perfect score: 25
Sequence: 1 tagacagttcatgaagttcatctac 25

Scoring table: IDENTITY_NUC
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 4996997 seqs, 332346308 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 9993994

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : N_Geneseq_21.*
1: Geneseq1980a:*
2: Geneseq1990a:*
3: Geneseq2000a:*
4: Geneseq2001a:*
5: Geneseq2001bs:*
6: Geneseq2002a:*
7: Geneseq2002bs:*
8: Geneseq2003a:*
9: Geneseq2003bs:*
10: Geneseq2003cs:*
11: Geneseq2003ds:*
12: Geneseq2004a:*
13: Geneseq2004bs:*
14: Geneseq2005a:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	25	100.0	25	2	AAX89081 Putative
2	25	100.0	25	5	Aah25490 Steroid-a
3	25	100.0	25	8	Abz58304 Direct re
4	25	100.0	25	9	ACd27769 Steroid h
5	25	100.0	25	9	ACd40529 Rat stereo
6	25	100.0	25	10	Aad50114 Rat CYP3A
7	25	100.0	2073	11	Adw22213 Rat hepat
8	23	92.0	31	2	Aaz07991 Oligo con
9	23	92.0	31	6	Abz91215 CYP3A1 DR
10	23	92.0	32	2	Aaz07996 Radiolabe
11	21	84.0	21	3	Aaz40699 Rat CYP3A
12	20.2	80.8	25	5	AAX89082 Putative
13	20.2	80.8	25	5	Aah25491 Steroid-a
14	20.2	80.8	25	8	Abz58305 Direct re
15	20.2	80.8	25	9	ACd27770 Steroid h
16	20.2	80.8	25	9	ACd40530 Rat stereo
17	20.2	80.8	25	10	Aad50115 Rat CYP3A
18	18.6	74.4	2000	8	Ada71815 Rice gene
19	18.6	74.4	2000	11	ACL35429 Rice stre

c	20	18.6	74.4	4479	12	ADH22292	Adh22292 Rice PONG
	21	18.4	73.6	778	4	AAI95094	Aai95094 Human neu
	22	18.4	73.6	778	8	ABT42837	Abt42837 Human neu
	23	18.2	72.8	6363	4	AAK76485	Aak76485 Human imm
	24	18.2	72.8	96596	9	ADA02504	Ada02504 Human BAC
	25	18.2	72.8	96596	10	ADB72242	Adb72242 Human BAC
	26	18.2	72.8	96596	10	ADE95752	Ade95752 Human BAC
	27	18.2	72.8	160482	11	ACN43914	Acn43914 Human gen
c	28	17.8	71.2	681	3	AAF13979	Aaf13979 Aspergill
	29	17.8	71.2	681	13	ADU58020	Adu58020 Aspergill
c	30	17.8	71.2	681	14	ADZ96023	Adz96023 Aspergill
	31	17.8	71.2	700	6	ABK62828	Abk62828 Rat seque
c	32	17.8	71.2	700	10	ADB51335	Adb51335 Primary r
c	33	17.8	71.2	700	10	ABT41183	Abt41183 Toxicity
c	34	17.8	71.2	700	12	ADP72122	Adp72122 Renal tox
	35	17.8	71.2	990	13	ADT45639	Adt45639 Bacterial
	36	17.8	71.2	993	13	ADS46582	Ads46582 Bacterial
c	37	17.8	71.2	1579	11	ADM03304	Adm03304 Human CDN
	38	17.6	70.4	400	5	ABV53868	Abv53868 Human pro
	39	17.6	70.4	551	13	ADX64878	Adx64878 Plant ful
	40	17.6	70.4	651	3	AAF11281	Aaf11281 Aspergill
	41	17.6	70.4	651	13	ADU55322	Adu55322 Aspergill
	42	17.6	70.4	651	14	ADZ93325	Adz93325 Aspergill
	43	17.6	70.4	825	10	ADC91683	Adc91683 E. faeciu
c	44	17.6	70.4	2371	3	AAA35186	Aaa35186 Human ade
c	45	17.6	70.4	2371	3	AAF21308	Aaf21308 Human low

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AAX89081
ID AAX89081 standard; DNA; 25 BP.
XX
AC AAX89081;
XX
DT 14-SEP-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE Putative SXR response element DR-3 containing fragment ICYP3A1.
XX
KW Nuclear receptor; SXR; steroid and xenobiotic receptor; RXR; human;
KW retinoid X receptor; P450 gene; steroid hormone; steroid metabolism;
KW phytoestrogen; calcium-channel blocker; steroid toxicity; tuberculosis;
KW breast cancer; osteoporosis; Cushing syndrome; virilism; hirsutism;
KW polycystic ovarian disease; cancer; colorectal; prostatic; ss.
XX Homo sapiens.
OS
XX WO9935246-A1.
PN
XX 15-JUL-1999.
PD
XX 08-JAN-1999; 99WO-US000490.
PF
XX 09-JAN-1998; 98US-00005286.
XX (SALK) SALK INST BIOLOGICAL STUDIES.
XX
XX Evans RM, Blumberg B;
PI WPI; 1999-419349/35.
XX
XX New steroid and xenobiotic receptor, used to identify modulators for
PT controlling metabolism of steroids and xenobiotics, e.g. reducing their
PT toxicity.
XX
XX Disclosure; Fig 6A; 83pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a novel nuclear receptor polypeptide, designated
CC SXR (steroid and xenobiotic receptor). SXR (i) forms a heterodimer with
CC retinoid X receptor (RXR), (ii) binds to a direct or inverted repeat
CC response element motif based on the half-site AGTTCA, (iii) activates

transcription through response elements present in steroid-inducible P450 genes, in response to a wide variety of natural and synthetic steroid hormones and (iv) is prominently expressed in liver and intestine. SXR regulates expression of catabolic enzymes, in response to many different steroids, and thus affects metabolism. SXR is a broad specificity, low-affinity receptor for reducing excessive levels of steroids in the circulation (see AAX89090 for detailed uses of SXR polypeptide). CC Sequences AAX9081-89 represent fragments from various steroid and CC xenobiotic inducible P450 enzymes containing putative SXR response CC elements

SQ Sequence 25 BP; 8 A; 5 C; 4 G; 8 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 2; Length 25;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.14; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
 Db 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 2
 AAH25490
 ID AAH25490 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

AC AAH25490;

DT 22-AUG-2001 (first entry)

XX Steroid-activated nuclear receptor putative response element.

DE Steroid-activated nuclear receptor; steroid and xenobiotic receptor; SXR;
 KW retinoid X receptor; RXR; transcription; response element;
 KW steroid inducible P450 gene; steroid hormone; Cushing's syndrome;
 KW virilism; hirsutism; polycystic ovarian syndrome; hypertension; ss.

OS Unidentified.

XX WO200142290-A2.

PN 14-JUN-2001.

PD 08-DEC-2000; 2000WO-US033473.

PF 09-DEC-1999; 99US-00458366.

PR (SALK) SALK INST BIOLOGICAL STUDIES.

XX Evans RM, Blumberg B, Xie W;

PI WPI; 2001-381637/40.

DR Novel steroid-activated nuclear receptor useful as sensor for xenobiotic compounds and/or steroids and whose modulators are useful for modulating metabolism of steroid or xenobiotic compounds.

XX Disclosure; Page 23; 64pp; English.

XX The present sequence represents a putative response element for a steroid -activated nuclear receptor, termed steroid and xenobiotic receptor (SXR). The response element is identified in steroid hydroxylase CYP3A1. The SXR polypeptide is capable of forming a heterodimer with retinoid X receptor (RXR), activating transcription through response elements found in steroid inducible P450 genes in response to a variety of natural and synthetic steroid hormones and prominently expressed in liver and intestine. SXR binds to a direct or inverted repeat response element motif based on the half site AGTTC. SXR is useful for identifying compounds which are agonists or which activate the receptor. The compounds identified are useful for treating a wide variety of conditions such as Cushing's syndrome, virilism and hirsutism, androgen excess due to polycystic ovarian syndrome and enzymatic defects which leads to accumulation of steroids, resulting in hypertension and aberrant

CC development of secondary sexual characteristics in both sexes. Transgenic CC animals which express human SXR serve as models for human response to CC various agents which potentially impact P450-dependent metabolic CC processes

SQ Sequence 25 BP; 8 A; 5 C; 4 G; 8 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 5; Length 25;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.14; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
 Db 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 3
 ABZ58304
 ID ABZ58304 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

XX ABZ58304;

DT 28-APR-2003 (first entry)

DE Direct repeat-3 in rat cytochrome P450-3A1 gene.

KW Steroid xenobiotic receptor; SXR; receptor; cytochrome-P450; rat;
 KW steroid; xenobiotic; antidote; detoxification; ds.

OS Rattus sp.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers
 PH repeat_region 6..20
 FT /rpt_type= a

FT /function= "Response element"

FT repeat_unit 6..11

FT /*tag= b

FT repeat_unit 15..20

FT /*tag= c

XX WO2003005812-A2.

XX 23-JAN-2003.

PF 09-JUL-2002; 2002WO-US021800.

PR 09-JUL-2001; 2001US-0304388P.

XX (SALK) SALK INST BIOLOGICAL STUDIES.

XX Evans R, Xie W;

PI WPI; 2003-221630/21.

DR Modulating the metabolism of steroids and xenobiotics with a UGT PT modulator; useful for modifying the physiological response to and/or PT efficient detoxification of harmful steroids and/or xenobiotic compounds.

XX Disclosure; Page 26; 51pp; English.

XX The present sequence is a direct repeat-3 (DR-3) response element for the steroid xenobiotic receptor (SXR/PXR) identified in the rat cytochrome P450-3A1 gene. A database search showed that putative SXR response elements are found in genes encoding steroid hydroxylases, P450 oxidoreductase, and glucuronosyl transferase. SXR is a broad specificity, low affinity, steroid-activated receptor. The present invention relates to modulation of metabolism of steroids and xenobiotics. Nuclear receptors including SXR and constitutively active receptor (CAR) are characterised as xenosensors regulating expression of P450 genes. The ability of this group of receptors to regulate expression of UDP-glucuronosyl transferase (UGT) in response to steroids and/or xenobiotics provides novel approaches for direct regulation/activation of a

CC glucuronidation pathway, thereby providing methods to achieve physiologic
CC homeostasis with respect to steroids and/or xenobiotics. SXR and CAR
CC regulation of UGT represents the first evidence of receptors that can
CC transduce/transactivate both Phase I and Phase II adaptive hepatic
CC response. A claimed method for modulating the metabolism or clearance of
CC steroid and/or xenobiotic compounds involves administering a modulator of
CC UGT. The modulator can be a nucleic acid, protein and/or chemical
CC compound which binds a UGT direct repeat or inverted repeat response
CC element, or which activates UGT glucuronidation of steroids or
CC xenobiotics. A claimed method for inducing expression of steroid
CC hydroxylase comprises activating SXR/PXR and/or CAR
XX Sequence 25 BP; 8 A; 5 C; 4 G; 8 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 8; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.14;
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
Db 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 4
ACD27769
ID ACD27769 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

XX AC ACD27769;

XX DT 18-SEP-2003 (first entry)

XX DE Steroid hydroxylase rCYP3A1, putative SXR response element.

XX KW Human; steroid X receptor; SXR; retinoid X receptor; RXR;
XX KW steroid inducible P450 gene; Cushing's syndrome; obesity; fatigue;
XX KW hypertension; oedema; osteoporosis; virilism; hirsutism; androgen excess;
XX KW polycystic ovarian syndrome; steroids accumulation; endocrine disruptor;
XX KW steroid hydroxylase; rCYP3A1; SXR response element; ds.

XX OS Unidentified.

XX PN US2003064430-A1.

XX PD 03-APR-2003.

XX PF 09-JAN-1998; 98US-00005286.

XX PR 09-JAN-1998; 98US-00005286.

XX PA (EVAN/) EVANS R M.

XX PA (BLUM/) BLUMBERG B.

XX PI Evans RM, Blumberg B;

XX WPI, 2003-540786/51.

XX New steroid-activated nuclear receptor polypeptide that heterodimerizes
XX with retinoid X receptor, useful for identifying therapeutic compounds
XX for the treatment of Cushing's syndrome, virilism and hirsutism, and
XX androgen excess.

XX Disclosure; Page 4; 23pp; English.

XX The invention describes a new receptor polypeptide (I) or its functional
XX fragments. The method comprises forming a heterodimer with retinoid X
XX receptor (RXR), binding to a direct or inverted repeat response element
XX motif based on the half site AGTTCA, activating transcription through
XX response elements found in steroid inducible P450 genes in response to a
XX wide variety of natural and synthetic steroid hormones, and being
XX prominently expressed in the liver and the intestine. The methods and
XX compositions of the present invention are useful for identifying a
XX variety of therapeutically useful compounds used in the treatment of a
XX wide variety of indications, such as Cushing's syndrome which leads to

CC obesity, fatigue, hypertension, oedema and osteoporosis, virilism and
CC hirsutism in females due to overproduction of testosterone, androgen
CC excess due to polycystic ovarian syndrome, enzymatic defects which lead
CC to accumulation of specific steroids, and ameliorate the effect of
CC substances in the diet and/or environment which act as endocrine
CC disruptors. This sequence represents steroid hydroxylase rCYP3A1 putative
CC SXR (steroid X receptor) response element
XX Sequence 25 BP; 8 A; 5 C; 4 G; 8 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 9; Length 25;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.14;
Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
Db 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 5
ACD40529
ID ACD40529 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

XX AC ACD40529;

XX DT 04-SEP-2003 (first entry)

XX DE Rat steroid hydroxylase rCYP3A1 SXR response element.

XX KW SXR; steroid and xenobiotic receptor; ds; retinoid X receptor; steroid;
XX KW steroid inducible P450; xenobiotic; homeostasis; drug interaction;
XX KW Cushing's syndrome; virilism; hirsutism; polycystic ovarian syndrome;
XX KW prostate cancer; 21-hydroxylase deficiency; 17-hydroxylase deficiency;
XX KW 3beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase deficiency; colorectal cancer;
XX KW breast cancer; 11beta-hydroxylase deficiency; steroid toxicity; rat;
XX KW response element.

XX OS Rattus sp.

XX PN US2003044888-A1.

XX PD 06-MAR-2003.

XX PF 08-JAN-1999; 99US-00227718.

XX PR 09-JAN-1998; 98US-00005286.

XX PA (EVAN/) EVANS R M.

XX PA (BLUM/) BLUMBERG B.

XX PI Evans RM, Blumberg B;

XX WPI, 2003-503491/47.

XX New steroid and xenobiotic receptor polypeptides, useful in mediating the
XX physiological effects of steroids and xenobiotics, particularly when
XX combinations of the compounds disrupt homeostasis or cause drug
XX interaction.

XX Disclosure; Fig 6A; 41pp; English.

XX The invention relates to a receptor polypeptide or its functional
XX fragment. The polypeptide forms a heterodimer with retinoid X receptor,
XX binds to a direct or inverted repeat response element motif based on the
XX half site AGTTCA, activates transcription through response elements found
XX in steroid inducible P450 genes in response to a wide variety of natural
XX and synthetic steroid hormones and is prominently expressed in the liver
XX and the intestine. The receptor polypeptides are useful in mediating the
XX physiological effects of steroids and xenobiotics, particularly when
XX combinations of the compounds disrupt homeostasis or cause drug
XX interaction. The receptor polypeptides are also useful in monitoring
XX total steroid levels and inducing the expression of genes encoding
XX xenobiotic metabolising enzymes. The steroid and/or xenobiotic compounds

CC are useful for treating a disease state e.g. Cushing's syndrome, virilism
 CC and hirsutism in females, polycystic ovarian syndrome, 21-hydroxylase
 CC deficiency, ilbeta-hydroxylase deficiency, 3beta-hydroxysteroid
 CC dehydrogenase deficiency, 17-hydroxylase deficiency, or breast,
 CC colorectal or prostate cancers. The methods are useful for preventing
 CC steroid toxicity in a subject undergoing treatment of a disease state, or
 CC for allowing clearance of a therapeutic steroid or xenobiotic from a
 CC subject. The present sequence represents a rat steroid and xenobiotic
 CC receptor SXR response element

XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 9; Length 25;
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.14; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

Db 1 TAGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 6

AAD50114
 ID AAD50114 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

XX AC

XX AAD50114;

XX 24-MAR-2003 (first entry)

DE Rat CYP3A1 steroid hydroxylase SXR response element, DR-3.

XX Steroid and xenobiotic receptor; SXR; expression system; homeostasis;

XX steroid hydroxylase; rat; direct repeat; DR; ds.

XX Rattus sp.

XX WO200286063-A2.

XX 31-OCT-2002.

XX 16-APR-2002; 2002WO-US012161.

XX 20-APR-2001; 2001US-00840008.

XX (SALK) SALK INST BIOLOGICAL STUDIES.

XX Evans RM;

XX WPI; 2003-093112/08.

XX Xenobiotic compound modulated expression systems, useful for modulating
 PT metabolism of one or more endogenous steroids or xenobiotics to establish
 PT homeostasis.

XX Disclosure; Page 37; 85pp; English.

XX The invention relates to an expression system which comprises at least
 CC one steroid and xenobiotic receptor (SXR) response element operably
 CC linked to at least one gene and a nuclear receptor which responds to
 CC xenobiotic compounds. Methods of the invention are useful for producing
 CC intracellular receptor target protein in a cell. The methods are also
 CC useful for modulating the physiological response to elevated levels of
 CC steroid and/or xenobiotic compounds to establish homeostasis. The present
 CC sequence is rat CYP3A1 steroid hydroxylase SXR response element, direct
 CC repeat (DR)

XX Query Match 100.0%; Score 25; DB 10; Length 25;
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.14; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

Db 1 TAGACAGTTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 7

ADW22213/c

ID ADW22213 standard; cDNA; 2073 BP.

XX AC

XX ADW22213;

XX 10-MAR-2005 (first entry)

DE Rat hepatotoxicity marker gene, SEQ:592.

XX Toxicology screening; drug screening; gene expression;

XX expression profile; hepatotoxicity; drug-induced; hepatitis;

XX liver disease; gastrointestinal disease; gene; ss.

XX Rattus norvegicus.

XX EP1344834-A2.

XX 17-SEP-2003.

XX 04-MAR-2003; 2003EP-00004810.

XX 14-MAR-2002; 2002EP-00005336.

XX 17-JUL-2002; 2002EP-00015657.

XX (HOFF) HOFFMANN LA ROCHE & CO AG F.

XX Boess F, Suter-Dick L, Wolf D;

XX WPI; 2003-723475/69.

XX EMBL; X62086.

XX Predicting toxicity of compounds, useful in development of safe drugs, by
 PT measuring the differential expression of specific genes in cells exposed
 PT to test compounds.

XX Claim 2; SEQ ID NO 592; 895pp; English.

XX The invention relates to methods of predicting at least one toxic effect
 CC (or toxicity progression or the mechanism of toxicity) of a compound. The
 CC methods involve detecting the level of expression of at least one of a
 CC set of 680 genes ADW21622-ADW22301 or at least one of a set of 17 genes
 CC (including ADW22362, ADW22414 and ADW22483) in a tissue or cell
 CC exposed to the compound, and determining whether the gene is
 CC differentially expressed compared with a control tissue or cell.

XX Differential expression of the gene in the presence of the compound is
 CC indicative of a toxic effect of the compound or of a specific
 CC mechanism of toxicity. The toxic effect is especially hepatotoxicity,
 CC particularly hepatitis, liver necrosis, protein adduct formation or fatty
 CC liver. The invention also relates to sets of primers and probes specific
 CC for at least two genes selected from ADW21622-ADW22301; solid supports
 CC (e.g., DNA chips) and kits containing the probes; and a database
 CC containing DNA sequence information and expression information for at
 CC least two of the 680 genes from hepatotoxin-exposed tissues. The
 CC invention is based on the determination of global changes in gene
 CC expression in tissues or cells exposed to known toxins, particularly
 CC hepatotoxins, and the identification of individual genes (toxicity
 CC markers) that are differentially expressed on toxin exposure. The changes
 CC in gene expression can be characteristic of different mechanisms of
 CC hepatotoxicity mediated by various classes of compounds. Such compounds
 CC include: direct acting compounds which cause damage to macromolecules,
 CC especially proteins and lipids by directly interacting with them;
 CC cholestatic compounds which cause an accumulation of fat in the liver; and
 CC cholestatic compounds which impair bile flow or bile acid transport,
 CC resulting in jaundice. The methods of the invention are useful in
 CC toxicology screening for predicting the toxic effects (especially
 CC hepatotoxic effects) of compounds for the development of safer drugs.

XX Sequences ADW21622-ADW22301 represent specifically claimed hepatotoxicity
 CC marker genes of rat origin whose expression is altered on exposure to

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CC hepatotoxins.
XX Sequence 2073 BP; 471 A; 500 C; 474 G; 628 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
SQ
  Query Match      100.0%; Score 25; DB 11; Length 2073;
  Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.32; 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
  Matches 25; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;
OY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
Db 1284 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 1260

RESULT 8
AAZ07991
ID AAZ07991 standard; DNA; 31 BP.
XX
AC AAZ07991;
XX
DT 17-JAN-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Oligo containing CYP3A1 DR3 PXRE.
XX
KW Human; nuclear receptor; pregnane X receptor; PXR; CYP; CYP3A4;
KW cytochrome P-450 mono-oxygenase; drug interaction; ds.
XX
OS Synthetic.
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
FN WO9948915-A1.
XX
PD 30-SEP-1999.
XX
PF 26-MAR-1999; 99WO-US006737.
XX
PR 27-MAR-1998; 98US-0079593P.
XX
PA (GLAX ) GLAXO GROUP LTD.
XX
PI Klierer SA, Willson TM;
XX
DR WPI; 1999-601202/51.
XX
PT New human pregnane X receptor, used to identify specific modulators and
PT agents that induce expression of cytochrome P-450 mono-oxygenase.
XX
PS Example; Page 20; 69pp; English.
XX
CC The invention provides an isolated human nuclear receptor (designated
CC pregnane X receptor, PXR) that binds to a cytochrome P-450 mono-oxygenase
CC (CYP) promoter. The hPXR is used to identify; its specific modulators,
CC and compounds that induce CYP3A4 expression (i.e. to identify drug
CC interactions, since CYP3A4 is involved in many biotransformations of
CC drugs). The modulators are potentially useful for associating particular
CC diseases and conditions with PXR and for treating such conditions.
CC Antibodies raised against hPXR can be used for determination and
CC purification of hPXR. The present sequence represents a double stranded
CC oligo containing CYP3A1 DR3 PXRE
XX
SQ Sequence 31 BP; 10 A; 6 C; 6 G; 9 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
  Query Match      92.0%; Score 23; DB 2; Length 31;
  Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2;
  Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 24
Db 5 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 27

RESULT 9
ABA91215
ID ABA91215 standard; DNA; 31 BP.

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XX ABA91215;
AC
DT 04-APR-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE CYP3A1 DR3 pregnane X receptor response element.
XX
KW Pregnane X; receptor; hPXR; rat; cytochrome P450 mono-oxygenase; CYP3A1;
KW liver; PXRE; ss.
XX
OS Rattus sp.
XX
FN WO200197856-A2.
XX
PD 27-DEC-2001.
XX
PF 21-JUN-2001; 2001WO-IB001629.
XX
PR 21-JUN-2000; 2000US-00598267.
XX
PA (GLAX ) GLAXO GROUP LTD.
XX
PI Klierer SA, Jones SA, Willson TM;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-139767/18.
XX
PT Compound that induces cytochrome P-450 mono-oxygenase 3A4 gene expression
PT for treating cholestatic liver disease comprising administering compound
PT identified by determining binding of test compound to human pregnane X
PT receptor.
XX
PS Example 1; Page 22; 63pp; English.
XX
CC The present sequence is that of the rat cytochrome P450 mono-oxygenase 3A1
CC gene (CYP3A1) DR3 pregnane X receptor response element (PXRE). 4 Copies
CC of this sequence were inserted into the BamHI site of pBUCAR2 to create
CC reporter plasmid (DR3)4-tk-CAT. This was used in CVI transfection assays
CC to demonstrate that novel human pregnane X receptor (hPXR, see AAM50624)
CC is a functional nuclear receptor that is activated by dexamethasone-t-
CC butylacetate, a known mPXR1 ligand. The oligonucleotide was also used in
CC band shift assays, which showed that hPXR binds efficiently to the CYP3A4
CC IR6 PXRE as a heterodimer with the 8-cis retinoic acid receptor, and that
CC hPXR and mPXR1 have very similar DNA binding profiles. The invention
CC provides nucleic acids encoding hPXR, expression vectors, host cells, and
CC methods of using the receptor-encoding sequences to screen for compounds
CC capable of modulating CYP (e.g. CYP3A4) gene expression. Such compounds
CC are useful for treating cholestatic liver disease (claimed), such as
CC primary biliary cirrhosis, primary sclerosing cholangitis, autoimmune
CC hepatitis with cholestatic features, autoimmune cholangitis, cholestasis
CC of pregnancy, paediatric cholestatic syndromes, and drug-induced
CC cholestasis
XX
SQ Sequence 31 BP; 10 A; 6 C; 6 G; 9 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
  Query Match      92.0%; Score 23; DB 6; Length 31;
  Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2;
  Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 24
Db 5 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 27

RESULT 10
AAZ07996
ID AAZ07996 standard; DNA; 32 BP.
XX
AC AAZ07996;
XX
DT 17-JAN-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Radiolabeled probe CYP3A1 DR3.
XX

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KW Human; nuclear receptor; pregnane X receptor; PXR; CYP; CYP3A4;
 KW cytochrome P-450 mono-oxygenase; drug interaction; probe; ss.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX WO9948915-A1.
 XX 30-SEP-1999.
 XX 26-MAR-1999; 99WO-US006737.
 XX 27-MAR-1998; 98US-0079593P.
 XX (GLAXO) GLAXO GROUP LTD.
 XX Kliever SA, Willson TM;
 XX WPI; 1999-601202/51.
 XX New human pregnane X receptor, used to identify specific modulators and
 PT agents that induce expression of cytochrome P-450 mono-oxygenase.
 XX Example; Page 22; 69pp; English.
 XX The invention provides an isolated human nuclear receptor (designated
 CC pregnane X receptor, PXR) that binds to a cytochrome P-450 mono-oxygenase
 CC (CYP) promoter. The hPXR is used to identify its specific modulators,
 CC and compounds that induce CYP3A4 expression (i.e. to identify drug
 CC interactions, since CYP3A4 is involved in many biotransformations of
 CC drugs). The modulators are potentially useful for: associating particular
 CC diseases and conditions with PXR and for treating such conditions.
 CC Antibodies raised against hPXR can be used for determining and
 CC purification of hPXR. Sequences AA207993-996 represent radiolabeled
 CC probes or competitors used in band shift assays
 XX Sequence 32 BP; 10 A; 6 C; 7 G; 9 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ Query Match 92.0%; Score 23; DB 2; Length 32;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.2;
 Matches 23; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 24
 Db 6 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 28
 RESULT 11
 AA240699/c
 ID AA240699 standard; DNA; 21 BP.
 XX AA240699;
 AC
 XX 14-MAR-2000 (first entry)
 DT
 XX Rat CYP3A23 enhancer nuclear receptor response element CYP3A23 DR3.
 DE
 XX Transcriptional enhancer; cytochrome P450; CYP3A4; genetic analysis;
 KW drug metabolism; prostatic cancer; xenobiotic; therapeutic drug; ss;
 KW Genetic switch; transgene activation; nuclear receptor response element.
 OS Rattus sp.
 XX WO9961622-A1.
 XX 02-DEC-1999.
 XX 20-MAY-1999; 99WO-AU000381.
 XX 21-MAY-1998; 98AU-00003628.
 XX (UNSY) UNIV SYDNEY.
 XX Little C, Goodwin B;
 PI

XX WPI; 2000-072626/06.
 XX New nucleic acid containing a transcriptional enhancer of cytochrome P450
 PT CYP3A4, used to identify xenobiotics that induce cytochrome expression.
 XX Disclosure; Page 11; 38pp; English.
 XX The invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid (I) containing a
 CC transcriptional enhancer of the production or expression of cytochrome
 CC P450 CYP3A4. (I), or its fragments, are useful in genetic analysis,
 CC particularly for: detecting allelic variants of (I), for predicting drug
 CC metabolism and susceptibility to disease (particularly prostatic cancer),
 CC and for analysis of the effect of allelic variations on CYP3A4
 CC transcription and expression. Assay systems that include (I) linked to a
 CC reporter sequence are used to screen xenobiotics (therapeutic drugs) for
 CC ability to induce CYP3A4 expression in cells or animals. Candidate drugs
 CC that induce CYP3A4 will: (a) have reduced in vivo lifetime, since they
 CC will be metabolized by CYP3A4, or (b) may increase metabolism and/or
 CC elimination of co-administered drugs. Such compounds should be discarded
 CC in favor of non-inducing candidates. Also, induction of CYP3A4 can be
 CC used to accelerate metabolism of xenobiotic toxins or endogenous CYP3A4
 CC substrates, while inhibition of CYP3A4 can be used to overcome
 CC interactions with drugs. (I) is also potentially useful as a genetic
 CC switch, e.g. for activating a transgene in the liver. Identification of
 CC structural motifs associated with CYP3A4 induction may be used for
 CC rational drug design. The present sequence represents a nuclear receptor
 CC response element in the proximal 5' flanking region of the rat CYP3A23
 XX Sequence 21 BP; 7 A; 4 C; 4 G; 6 T; 0 U; 0 Other;
 SQ Query Match 84.0%; Score 21; DB 3; Length 21;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.3;
 Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 3 GACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCT 23
 Db 21 GACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCT 1
 RESULT 12
 AA289082
 ID AA289082 standard; DNA; 25 BP.
 XX AA289082;
 AC
 XX 14-SEP-1999 (first entry)
 DT
 XX Putative SXR response element DR-3 containing fragment rCYP3A2.
 DE
 XX Nuclear receptor; SXR; steroid and xenobiotic receptor; RXR; human;
 KW retinoid X receptor; P450 gene; steroid hormone; steroid metabolism;
 KW phytoestrogen; calcium-channel blocker; steroid toxicity; tuberculosis;
 KW breast cancer; osteoporosis; Cushing syndrome; virilism; hirsutism;
 KW polycystic ovarian disease; cancer; colorectal; prostatic; ss.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 XX WO9935246-A1.
 XX 15-JUL-1999.
 XX 08-JAN-1999; 99WO-US000490.
 XX 09-JAN-1998; 98US-00005286.
 XX (SALK) SALK INST BIOLOGICAL STUDIES.
 XX Evans RM, Blumberg B;
 XX WPI; 1999-419349/35.
 XX New steroid and xenobiotic receptor, used to identify modulators for
 PT

PT controlling metabolism of steroids and xenobiotics, e.g. reducing their toxicity.

XX

PS Disclosure; Fig 6A; 83pp; English.

XX

CC The invention relates to a novel nuclear receptor polypeptide, designated SXR (steroid and xenobiotic receptor). SXR (i) forms a heterodimer with retinoid X receptor (RXR), (ii) binds to a direct or inverted repeat response element motif based on the half-site AGTTCA, (iii) activates transcription through response elements present in steroid-inducible P450 genes, in response to a wide variety of natural and synthetic steroid hormones and (iv) is prominently expressed in liver and intestine. SXR regulates expression of catabolic enzymes, in response to many different steroids, and thus affects metabolism. SXR is a broad specificity, low-affinity receptor for reducing excessive levels of steroids in the circulation (see AAX89090 for detailed uses of SXR polypeptide).

CC Sequences AAX89081-89 represent fragments from various steroid and xenobiotic inducible P450 enzymes containing putative SXR response elements

XX

SQ Sequence 25 BP; 9 A; 5 C; 3 G; 8 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 80.8%; Score 20.2; DB 2; Length 25;

Best Local Similarity 88.0%; Pred. No. 22;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

DB 1 TAAGCAGTTCATAAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 13

AAH25491

ID AAH25491 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

XX

AC AAH25491;

XX

DT 22-AUG-2001 (first entry)

XX

DE Steroid-activated nuclear receptor putative response element.

XX

XX Steroid-activated nuclear receptor; steroid and xenobiotic receptor; SXR;

KW retinoid X receptor; RXR; transcription; response element;

KW steroid inducible P450 gene; steroid hormone; Cushing's syndrome;

KW virilism; hirsutism; polycystic ovarian syndrome; hypertension; ss.

XX

OS Unidentified.

XX

XX WO200142290-A2.

PN

PD 14-JUN-2001.

XX

XX 08-DEC-2000; 2000WO-US033473.

XX

PR 09-DEC-1999; 99US-00458366.

XX

PA (SALK) SALK INST BIOLOGICAL STUDIES.

XX

PI Evans RM, Blumberg B, Xie W;

XX

DR WPI; 2001-381637/40.

XX

PT Novel steroid-activated nuclear receptor useful as sensor for xenobiotic compounds and/or steroids and whose modulators are useful for modulating metabolism of steroid or xenobiotic compounds.

PT

XX Disclosure; Page 23; 64pp; English.

PS

XX The present sequence represents a putative response element for a steroid

CC -activated nuclear receptor, termed steroid and xenobiotic receptor

CC (SXR). The response element is identified in steroid hydroxylase CYP3A2.

CC The SXR polypeptide is capable of forming a heterodimer with retinoid X

CC receptor (RXR), activating transcription through response elements found

CC in steroid inducible P450 genes in response to a variety of natural and synthetic steroid hormones and prominently expressed in liver and intestine. SXR binds to a direct or inverted repeat response element motif based on the half site AGTTCA. SXR is useful for identifying compounds which are agonists or which activate the receptor. The compounds identified are useful for treating a wide variety of conditions such as Cushing's syndrome, virilism and hirsutism, androgen excess due to polycystic ovarian syndrome and enzymatic defects which leads to accumulation of steroids, resulting in hypertension and aberrant development of secondary sexual characteristics in both sexes. Transgenic animals which express human SXR serve as models for human response to various agents which potentially impact P450-dependent metabolic processes

XX

SQ Sequence 25 BP; 9 A; 5 C; 3 G; 8 T; 0 U; 0 Other;

Query Match 80.8%; Score 20.2; DB 5; Length 25;

Best Local Similarity 88.0%; Pred. No. 22;

Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

DB 1 TAAGCAGTTCATAAAGTTCATCTAC 25

RESULT 14

ABZ58305

ID ABZ58305 standard; DNA; 25 BP.

XX

AC ABZ58305;

XX

DT 28-APR-2003 (first entry)

XX

DE Direct repeat-3 in rat cytochrome P450-3A2 gene.

XX

KW Steroid xenobiotic receptor; SXR; receptor; cytochrome-P450; rat;

KW steroid; xenobiotic; antidote; detoxification; ds.

XX

OS Rattus sp.

XX

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT repeat_region 6..20

FT /tag= a

FT /rpt_type= DIRECT

FT /function= "Response element"

FT repeat_unit 6..11

FT /tag= b

FT repeat_unit 15..20

FT /tag= c

XX

XX WO2003005812-A2.

PN

PD 23-JAN-2003.

XX

XX 09-JUL-2002; 2002WO-US021800.

XX

PR 09-JUL-2001; 2001US-0304388P.

XX

PA (SALK) SALK INST BIOLOGICAL STUDIES.

XX

PI Evans R, Xie W;

XX

DR WPI; 2003-221630/21.

XX

PT Modulating the metabolism of steroids and xenobiotics with a UGT

PT modulator, useful for modifying the physiological response to and/or

PT efficient detoxification of harmful steroids and/or xenobiotic compounds.

XX

PS Disclosure; Page 26; Sipp; English.

XX

XX The present sequence is a direct repeat-3 (DR-3) response element for the

CC steroid xenobiotic receptor (SXR/PXR) identified in the rat cytochrome

CC P450-3A2 gene. A database search showed that putative SXR response

GenCore version 5.1.7
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2006 Bioceleration Ltd.

OM nucleic - nucleic search, using sw model

Run on: February 6, 2006, 14:42:31 ; Search time 2323 Seconds
(without alignments)
503.520 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-10-081-555C-3

Perfect score: 25

Sequence: 1 tagacagttcatgaagttcatctac 25

Scoring table: IDENTITY NUC
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 1.0

Searched: 41078325 seqs, 23393541228 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 82156650

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

EST:*

1: gb_est1:*
2: gb_est2:*
3: gb_est3:*
4: gb_hic:*
5: gb_est4:*
6: gb_est5:*
7: gb_est6:*
8: gb_est7:*
9: gb_ges1:*
10: gb_ges2:*
11: gb_ges3:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	20.2	80.8	715	BQ991522	BQ991522 QGF23B15
2	19.8	79.2	756	BES14342	BES14342 601669311
3	19.8	79.2	977	CC215499	CC215499 CH261-189
4	19.4	77.6	564	BU216276	BU216276 603755845
5	19.4	77.6	571	AL587998	AL587998 AL587998
6	19.4	77.6	640	BU425734	BU425734 603231044
7	19.4	77.6	700	CH227903	CH227903 RJ097G11
8	19.4	77.6	722	BU298821	BU298821 603610915
9	19.4	77.6	918	BU459792	BU459792 603367405
10	19.2	76.8	123	AA640771	AA640771 nu02f01.s
11	19.2	76.8	556	DB078766	DB078766 Oryzias 1
12	19.2	76.8	564	AZ023470	AZ023470 RPCI-23-2
13	19.2	76.8	680	CX302184	CX302184 C08018A08
14	19.2	76.8	770	CK000827	CK000827 AGENCOURT
15	19.2	76.8	892	DN023192	DN023192 JGI_CAAK3
16	19.2	76.8	925	DN017667	DN017667 JGI_CAAK6
17	18.8	75.2	465	AJ696924	AJ696924 AJ696924
18	18.8	75.2	473	CB222230	CB222230 11L25E10
19	18.8	75.2	547	AV663133	AV663133 AV663133
20	18.8	75.2	555	BM105335	BM105335 508767 MA
21	18.8	75.2	572	BE665178	BE665178 153287 MA
22	18.8	75.2	572	BI679920	BI679920 457214 MA

c 23	18.8	75.2	576	6	CD288024	2 L7.abd
c 24	18.8	75.2	583	7	CN434008	BE030006A
c 25	18.8	75.2	594	6	CB452671	707552 MA
c 26	18.8	75.2	629	1	AV647972	AV647972
c 27	18.8	75.2	657	7	CN792153	4126982 B
c 28	18.8	75.2	663	3	BJ001765	BJ001765
c 29	18.8	75.2	673	1	AV609393	AV609393
c 30	18.8	75.2	680	7	CK947925	4072661 B
c 31	18.8	75.2	685	8	DN533820	1366725 M
c 32	18.8	75.2	706	4	AY069009	Schmidtea
c 33	18.8	75.2	735	10	CG049226	PUIFH41TB
c 34	18.8	75.2	747	3	BJ677231	BJ677231
c 35	18.8	75.2	756	7	CO888306	Bovden_16
c 36	18.8	75.2	780	8	DN823975	LB0011.C2
c 37	18.8	75.2	830	10	CZ539066	SRAA-aad2
c 38	18.8	75.2	833	1	AM005097	AM005097
c 39	18.8	75.2	839	2	BI144624	602909911
c 40	18.8	75.2	869	11	CR808491	CR808491
c 41	18.8	75.2	870	1	AM011102	AM011102
c 42	18.8	75.2	933	9	CC399823	FUHS37TD
c 43	18.6	74.4	206	7	CO651738	cct07.H01
c 44	18.6	74.4	420	9	AQ300850	HS 2217 B
c 45	18.6	74.4	427	1	AA627035	MBAPCW2G0

ALIGNMENTS

BQ991522 715 bp mRNA linear EST 21-AUG-2002
QGF23B15.yg.ab1 QG_EFGHJ lettuce serriola Lactuca sativa cDNA clone
QGF23B15, mRNA sequence.

BQ991522 GI:22411057

EST.

Lactuca sativa

ORGANISM

Lactuca sativa

Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;

Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicotyledons;

asterids; campanulids; Asterales; Asteraceae; Cichorioideae;

Cichorioideae; Lactuca.

1 (bases 1 to 715)

Kozik,A., Michelmore,R.W., Knapp,S., Matvienko,M., Riesberg,L.,

Lin,H., van Damme,M., Lavelle,D., Chevalier,P., Ziegler,J.,

Ellison,P., Kolkman,J., Slabaugh,M.S., Livingston,K., Zhou,Y.,

Lai,Z., Church,S., Jackson,L. and Bradford,K.

Lettuce and Sunflower ESTs from the Compositae Genome Project

http://compgenomics.ucdavis.edu/

Unpublished (2002)

Contact: Alexander Kozik [R.W.Michelmore]

Department of Vegetable Crops, R.W.Michelmore Lab

University of California at Davis (UCD)

Asmudson Hall, UCD, Davis, CA 95616, USA

Tel: 1-(530)-752-1742

Fax: 1-(530)-752-9659

Email: akozik@ucdavis.org [michelmore@vegmail.ucdavis.edu]

singleton, see http://cgdb.ucdavis.edu/ for details.

Plate: QGF23 row: B column: 15.

Location/Qualifiers

1. 715

/organism="Lactuca sativa"

/mol_type="mRNA"

/cultivar="L.serriola"

/db_xref="taxon:4236"

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/clone_lib="QG_EFGHJ lettuce serriola"

/note="Vector: pBRCDNASfiAB; The library was constructed

from 10 different sources of RNA from a single genotype.

Separate cDNAs were generated using primers that

incorporated unique 5' and 3' tags to distinguish each

source of RNA. cDNAs were then pooled, size-fractionated,

directionally cloned into a custom medium-copy vector and transformations made with four size classes to minimize size bias. Details of each source of RNA and library construction can be obtained at <http://cgdb.ucdavis.edu/>
TAG_TISSUE=flowers post-fertilized
TAG_LIB=QG EFGHJ lettuce serriola
TAG_SEQ=TCGCATCGG

ORIGIN

Query Match 80.8%; Score 20.2; DB 5; Length 715;
Best Local Similarity 88.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e+02;
Matches 22; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

Db 232 TAGAGAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTTC 256

RESULT 2

BE914342/c
LOCUS BE914342 756 bp mRNA linear EST 29-SEP-2000
DEFINITION 601669311F1 NCI_CGAP_Mam1 Mus musculus cDNA clone IMAGE:3969026 5',
ACCESSION mRNA sequence.
VERSION BE914342
KEYWORDS BE914342.1 GI:10412869
SOURCE EST.

ORGANISM Mus musculus (house mouse)

REFERENCE

AUTHORS Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
TITLE Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
JOURNAL Sciurognathi; Muroidae; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
COMMENT 1 (bases 1 to 756)
NIH-MGC <http://mgc.nci.nih.gov/>.
National Institutes of Health, Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC)
Unpublished (1999)
Contact: Robert Strausberg, Ph.D.
Email: cgapbs-x@mail.nih.gov

Tissue Procurement: Gilbert Smith, Ph.D.
CDNA Library Preparation: Life Technologies, Inc.
CDNA Library Arrayed by: The I.M.A.G.E. Consortium (LLNL)
DNA sequencing by: Incyte Genomics, Inc.
Clone distribution: MGC clone distribution information can be
found through the I.M.A.G.E. Consortium/LLNL at:
<http://image.llnl.gov>

Plate: LLM9146 row: f column: 03
High quality sequence stop: 713.

FEATURES

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1..756
Location/Qualifiers
/organism="Mus musculus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/strain="FVB/N"
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/clone="IMAGE:3969026"
/tissue_type="tumor, biopsy sample"
/dev_stage="3 months, virgin"
/lab_host="DH10B"
/clone_lib="NCI CGAP Mam1"
/note="Organ: mammary; Vector: pCMV-SPORT6; Site 1: SalI;
Site 2: NotI; Cloned unidirectionally. Primer: Oligo dt.
Library constructed by Life Technologies. Investigator
providing samples: Gilbert Smith, NIH"

ORIGIN

Query Match 79.2%; Score 19.8; DB 2; Length 756;
Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 5.8e+02;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 GACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

Db 509 GACGGTTCATGAAGTTCATGTAC 487

RESULT 3

CC215499/c

LOCUS CC215499 977 bp DNA linear GSS 12-MAY-2003
DEFINITION CH261-189L2_Sp6.1 CH261 Gallus gallus genomic clone CH261-189L2,
genomic survey sequence.

ACCESSION CC215499

VERSION CC215499.1

KEYWORDS GI:30534167

SOURCE GSS.

ORGANISM Gallus gallus (chicken)

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae;
Phasianinae; Gallus.
1 (bases 1 to 977)
Kremitzki, C., Higginbotham, J., Wylie, K., Carter, J., McPherson, J.,
Warren, W., Graves, T., Mardis, E. and Wilson, R.
Gallus gallus BAC End Reads
Unpublished (2003)
Contact: Richard K. Wilson
Genome Sequencing Center
Washington University School of Medicine
Email: submissions@watson.wustl.edu
Insert Length: 182000 Std Error: 0.00
Seg primer: Sp6 ATTAGGTGACACTATAG
Class: BAC ends
High quality sequence start: 52
High quality sequence stop: 771.

REFERENCE

AUTHORS

TITLE

JOURNAL

COMMENT

FEATURES

source
1..977
Location/Qualifiers
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/mol_type="genomic DNA"
/strain="Red Jungle Fowl"
/db_xref="taxon:9031"
/clone="CH261-189L2"
/sex="female"
/cell_line="UCD001, inbred 256"
/clone_lib="CH261"
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CH261 Female Chicken library - for library and clone
ordering information: <http://www.chori.org/bacpac>"

ORIGIN

Query Match 79.2%; Score 19.8; DB 9; Length 977;
Best Local Similarity 91.3%; Pred. No. 6e+02;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 GACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

Db 709 GACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 687

RESULT 4

BU216276/c

LOCUS BU216276 564 bp mRNA linear EST 25-NOV-2002

DEFINITION 603755845F1 CSEQCHN04 Gallus gallus cDNA clone CHS7666j12 5', mRNA

sequence.

ACCESSION BU216276

VERSION BU216276.1

KEYWORDS GI:25395949

SOURCE EST.

ORGANISM Gallus gallus (chicken)

Gallus gallus

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae;

Phasianinae; Gallus.

1 (bases 1 to 564)

Boardman, P.E., Sanz-Ezquerro, J., Overton, I.M., Burt, D.W., Bosch, E.,

Pong, W.T., Tickle, C., Brown, W.R.A., Wilson, S.A. and Hubbard, S.J.

A Comprehensive Collection of Chicken cDNAs

Curr. Biol. 12 (22), 1965-1969 (2002)

12445392

CONTACT: Simon Hubbard

Department of Biomolecular Sciences

University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology

(UMIST)

```

1. 574
/organism="Gallus gallus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/db_xref="taxon:9031"
/clone="ROS066C05"

```


(UMIST)
PO Box 88, Manchester, M60 1QD, UK
Tel: 01612008930
Fax: 016123360409
Email: Simon.Hubbard@umist.ac.uk.
Location/Qualifiers

FEATURES

1. .918
/organism="Gallus gallus"
/mol_type="mRNA"
/strain="Layer"
/db_xref="taxon:9031"
/clone="ChEST268j1"
/sex="female"
/dev_stage="adult"
/lab_host="DH10B"
/clone_lib="CSQRBN19"
/note="Organ: ovary; Vector: pBluescript II KS(+); Site_1: EcoRI; Site_2: NotI; This normalized library was constructed from 1 million independent clones. cDNA synthesis was initiated using an oligo(dT) primer, using methylated C in the first strand synthesis reaction. Following this first strand reaction, double-stranded cDNA was blunted, ligated to NotI adapters, digested with EcoRI, size-selected, and cloned into the NotI and EcoRI compatible sites of a custom modified MCS of the pBluescript (KS+) vector. The library was normalized in 2 rounds using conditions adapted from Soares et al., PNAS (1994) 91: 9228-9232 and Bonaldo et al., Genome Research 6 (1996): 791, except that a significantly longer reannealing hybridization was used."

ORIGIN

Query Match 77.6%; Score 19.4; DB 5; Length 918;
Best Local Similarity 95.2%; Pred. No. 9e+02;
Matches 20; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATC 22
| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
* Db 228 ATACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATC 208

RESULT 10
AA640771
LOCUS
DEFINITION
nu02f01.s1 NCI_CGAP_Alvi Homo sapiens cDNA clone IMAGE:1206941,
mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION
AA640771
VERSION
AA640771.1 GI:2566021
KEYWORDS
EST.
SOURCE
Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Catarrhini;
Hominidae; Homo.

REFERENCE
1 (bases 1 to 123)
NCI-CGAP <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ncicgap>.
National Cancer Institute, Cancer Genome Anatomy Project (CGAP),
Tumor Gene Index
Unpublished (1997)
Contact: Robert Strausberg, Ph.D.
Email: cgapbs-r@mail.nih.gov
Tissue Procurement: Lee Helman, M.D., Michael R. Emmert-Buck, M.D.,
Ph.D.
cDNA Library Preparation: David B. Krizman, Ph.D.
cDNA Library Arrayed by: Greg Lennon, Ph.D.
DNA Sequencing by: Washington University Genome Sequencing Center
Clone distribution: NCI-CGAP clone distribution information can be
found through the I.M.A.G.E. Consortium/LLNL at:
www-bio.llnl.gov/bbrp/image/image.html
Seq primer: -40ml3 fwd ET from Amersham.

FEATURES
source
1. .123
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/mol_type="mRNA"
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/clone="IMAGE:1206841"
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/clone_lib="NCI_CGAP_Alvi"
/note="Vector: pAMP10; mRNA made from alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma, cDNA made by oligo-dT priming. Non-directionally cloned. Size-selected on agarose gel, average insert size 600 bp. Reference: Krizman et al. (1996) Cancer Research 56:5380-5383."

ORIGIN

Query Match 76.8%; Score 19.2; DB 1; Length 123;
Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 7.9e+02;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Db 46 AGACAGTTCATCAAAATTCATATAC 69

RESULT 11
DE078766

LOCUS
DEFINITION
Oryzias latipes DNA, clone: olal-20DM05.R, genomic survey sequence.
ACCESSION
DE078766
VERSION
DE078766.1 GI:62597988
KEYWORDS
GSS.
SOURCE
Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)
ORGANISM
Oryzias latipes
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Percomorpha; Atherinomorpha;
Belontiiformes; Adrianichthyidae; Oryziinae; Oryzias.

REFERENCE
1
Fujiyama, A., Toyoda, A., Kuroki, Y. and Sakaki, Y.
BAC end sequences of Olal Oryzias latipes Library
Published Only in Database (2005)
2 (bases 1 to 556)
Fujiyama, A.
Direct Submission
Submitted (12-APR-2005) Asao Fujiyama, The Institute of Physical
and Chemical Research (RIKEN), Genomic Sciences Center (GSC);
1-7-22 Suehiro-chou, Tsukumi-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa, 230-0045, Japan
(E-mail: afujiyam@gsc.riken.jp, URL: <http://att.gsc.riken.jp/>,
Tel: 81-3-4212-2558, Fax: 81-3-3556-1916)
This work was done in collaboration with Takeda, H. (1), Naruse, K.
(2)
and Narita, T. (3)
(1) Department of Biological Science,
University of Tokyo
Hongo 7-3-1, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-0033, JAPAN
Phone: +81-3-5841-4431
Fax: +81-3-5841-4993
E-mail: htakeda.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp
(2) Department of Biological Science,
University of Tokyo
Hongo 7-3-1, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-0033, JAPAN
Phone: +81-3-5841-4431
Fax: +81-3-5841-4993
E-mail: naruse.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp
(3) Department of Biological Science,
University of Tokyo
Hongo 7-3-1, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113-0033, JAPAN
Phone: +81-3-5841-4431
Fax: +81-3-5841-4993
E-mail: tanarita.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp
PRIMERS
Sequencing : Forward
LIBRARY
Vector : pKS145
R.Site 1 : SacI

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FEATURES
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        /clone_lib="BAC end sequences of Olal Oryzias latipes library"

ORIGIN
  Query Match      76.8%; Score 19.2; DB 11; Length 556;
  Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 1.e+03;
  Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

  QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
      ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
  Db 291 AGACAGTGCATGATGTCATCTAC 314

RESULT 12
  AZ023470
  LOCUS
  DEFINITION
    RPIC-23-276F15.TV RPIC-23 Mus musculus genomic clone
  ACCESSION
    AZ023470
  VERSION
    AZ023470.1 GI:7098854
  KEYWORDS
    GSS.
  SOURCE
    Mus musculus (house mouse)
  ORGANISM
    Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
    Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
    Sciurognathi; Muridea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
  REFERENCE
    1 (bases 1 to 564)
    Zhao, S., Niemman, W., Feldblyum, T., Malek, J., Shatsman, S.,
    Akinret, B., Levins, M., Megann, S., Isegaye, G., Geer, K., Krol, M., de
    Jong, P. and Frazer, C.M.
    Mouse BAC End Sequences from Library RPIC-23
    Other_GSSs: RPIC-23-276F15.TJ
    Contact: Shaying Zhao
    Department of Eukaryotic Genomics
    The Institute for Genomic Research
    9712 Medical Center Dr., Rockville, MD 20850, USA
    Tel: 301 838 0200
    Fax: 301 838 0208
    Email: szhao@tigr.org
    Clones are derived from the mouse BAC library RPIC-23. For BAC
    library availability, please contact pieter de Jong
    (pieter@dejong.med.buffalo.edu). Clones may be purchased from
    BACPAC Resources (http://bacpac.med.buffalo.edu/orderingframe.htm)
    or from Resea ch Genetics (info@resgen.com). BAC end page:
    http://www.tigr.org/cdb/bac_ends/mouse/bac_end_intro.html
    Plate: 276 Row: F Column: 15
    Seq primer: 17
    Class: BAC ends.
  TITLE
    RPIC-23-276F15.TJ
  JOURNAL
    Unpublished (1999)
  COMMENT
    Contact: Shaying Zhao
    Department of Eukaryotic Genomics
    The Institute for Genomic Research
    9712 Medical Center Dr., Rockville, MD 20850, USA
    Tel: 301 838 0200
    Fax: 301 838 0208
    Email: szhao@tigr.org
    Clones are derived from the mouse BAC library RPIC-23. For BAC
    library availability, please contact pieter de Jong
    (pieter@dejong.med.buffalo.edu). Clones may be purchased from
    BACPAC Resources (http://bacpac.med.buffalo.edu/orderingframe.htm)
    or from Resea ch Genetics (info@resgen.com). BAC end page:
    http://www.tigr.org/cdb/bac_ends/mouse/bac_end_intro.html
    Plate: 276 Row: F Column: 15
    Seq primer: 17
    Class: BAC ends.

FEATURES
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    Location/Qualifiers
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        /organism="Mus musculus"
        /mol_type="genomic DNA"
        /strain="C57BL/6J"
        /db_xref="taxon:10090"
        /clone="RPIC-23-276F15"
        /sex="Female"
        /lab_host="DH10B"
        /clone_lib="RPIC-23"
        /note="Organ: Kidney/Brain; Vector: pBACe3.6; Site: 1.
        EcoRI; Site 2: EcoRI; Female C57BL/6J mouse kidney and/or
        brain genomic DNA was isolated and partially digested
        with a combination of EcoRI and EcoRI Methylase. Size
        selected DNA was cloned into the pBACe3.6 vector at the
        L.Site 2 : SacI.
        Location/Qualifiers
          1..556
            /organism="Oryzias latipes"
            /mol_type="genomic DNA"
            /db_xref="taxon:8090"
            /clone="olal-200M05.R"
            /sex="male"
            /cell_type="whole body"
            /clone_lib="BAC end sequences of Olal Oryzias latipes library"

ORIGIN
  Query Match      76.8%; Score 19.2; DB 11; Length 556;
  Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 1.e+03;
  Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

  QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
      ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
  Db 291 AGACAGTGCATGATGTCATCTAC 314

RESULT 12
  AZ023470
  LOCUS
  DEFINITION
    RPIC-23-276F15.TV RPIC-23 Mus musculus genomic clone
  ACCESSION
    AZ023470
  VERSION
    AZ023470.1 GI:7098854
  KEYWORDS
    GSS.
  SOURCE
    Mus musculus (house mouse)
  ORGANISM
    Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
    Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
    Sciurognathi; Muridea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
  REFERENCE
    1 (bases 1 to 564)
    Zhao, S., Niemman, W., Feldblyum, T., Malek, J., Shatsman, S.,
    Akinret, B., Levins, M., Megann, S., Isegaye, G., Geer, K., Krol, M., de
    Jong, P. and Frazer, C.M.
    Mouse BAC End Sequences from Library RPIC-23
    Other_GSSs: RPIC-23-276F15.TJ
    Contact: Shaying Zhao
    Department of Eukaryotic Genomics
    The Institute for Genomic Research
    9712 Medical Center Dr., Rockville, MD 20850, USA
    Tel: 301 838 0200
    Fax: 301 838 0208
    Email: szhao@tigr.org
    Clones are derived from the mouse BAC library RPIC-23. For BAC
    library availability, please contact pieter de Jong
    (pieter@dejong.med.buffalo.edu). Clones may be purchased from
    BACPAC Resources (http://bacpac.med.buffalo.edu/orderingframe.htm)
    or from Resea ch Genetics (info@resgen.com). BAC end page:
    http://www.tigr.org/cdb/bac_ends/mouse/bac_end_intro.html
    Plate: 276 Row: F Column: 15
    Seq primer: 17
    Class: BAC ends.

```

ECORI sites. The ligation products were transformed into DH10B electrocompetent cells (BRL Life Technologies). "

Query Match 76.8%; Score 19.2; DB 9; Length 564;
 Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 1.e+03;
 Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTA 24
 ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
 Db 411 TAGACAGTACATGAAGACATCTA 434

RESULT 13
 LOCUS
 DEFINITION
 CX302184 C08018A08SK PhyRootSw1 Citrus sinensis cDNA clone C08018A08, mRNA
 ACCESSION
 CX302184
 VERSION
 CX302184.1 GI:63071038
 KEYWORDS
 EST.
 SOURCE
 Citrus sinensis
 ORGANISM
 Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
 Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicotyledons;
 rosids; eurosids II; Sapindales; Rutaceae; Citrus.

REFERENCE
 1 (bases 1 to 680)
 Forment, J., Gadea, J., Huerta, L., Abizanda, L., Agustí, J., Alamar, S.,
 Alos, E., Andres, F., Arribas, R., Beltran, J.P., Berbel, A.,
 Blazquez, M.A., Brumos, J., Canas, L.A., Cercos, M.,
 Colmenero-Flores, J.M., Conesa, A., Estabbes, B., Gandia, M.,
 Garcia-Martinez, J.L., Gimeno, J., Gisbert, A., Gomez, G.,
 Gonzalez-Candelas, L., Granell, A., Guerri, J., Lafuente, M.T.,
 Madueno, F., Marcos, J.F., Marques, M.C., Martinez, F.,
 Martinez-Godoy, M.A., Miralles, S., Moreno, P., Navarro, L., Pallas, V.,
 Perez-Anador, M.A., Perez-Valle, J., Pons, C., Rodrigo, I.,
 Rodriguez, P.L., Rojo, C., Serrano, R., Soler, G., Tadeo, F., Talon, M.,
 Terol, J., Trenor, M., Vaello, L., Vicente, O., Vidal, Ch., Zacarias, L.,
 and Conejero, V.
 Development of a citrus genome-wide EST collection and cDNA
 microarray as resources for genomic studies
 Plant Mol. Biol. 57 (3), 375-391 (2005)
 15830128
 CONTACT: Forment J
 Genomics Laboratory
 Instituto de Biología Molecular y Celular de Plantas (Universidad
 Politécnica de Valencia - Consejo Superior de Investigaciones
 Científicas)
 Avenida de los Naranjos s/n, 46022 Valencia, Spain
 Email: jforment@bmcp.upv.es.

FEATURES
 source
 1..680
 /organism="Citrus sinensis"
 /mol_type="mRNA"
 /db_xref="taxon:2711"
 /clone="C08018A08"
 /sex="hermaphrodite"
 /dev_stage="2-3 month old seedlings, 20-30 cm. high"
 /lab_host="Escherichia coli"
 /clone_lib="PhyRootSw1"
 /note="Organ: roots; Vector: Uni-ZAP XR; cDNA library made
 from a mixture of equal amounts of poly-A+ RNA from roots
 of plant inoculated with Phytophthora citrophthora
 zoospores by immersion in a suspension with 2000 or 15000
 zoospores/mL, extracted at 0, 2, 4, 8, 13, and 18 days
 after inoculation"

ORIGIN
 Query Match 76.8%; Score 19.2; DB 8; Length 680;
 Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 1.1e+03;
 Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25

```

Db      66 AGACAAATTCAGAGATTCACCTAC 89
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
RESULT 14
LOCUS   CK000827/c
DEFINITION AGENCOURT_16108238 NIH_MGC_221 Homo sapiens cDNA clone
IMAGE:30708096 5', mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION CK000827
VERSION    CK000827
KEYWORDS   EST.
SOURCE     Homo sapiens (human)
ORGANISM   Homo sapiens

REFERENCE
AUTHORS    NIH-MGC http://mgc.nci.nih.gov/.
TITLE      National Institutes of Health, Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC)
JOURNAL    Unpublished (1999)
COMMENT    Contact: Daniela S. Gerhard, Ph.D.
           Office of Cancer Genomics
           National Cancer Institute / NIH
           Bldg. 31 Rm10A07 Bethesda, MD 20892
           Email: c9apbs-r@mail.nih.gov
           Tissue Procurement: James Martin, University of Iowa
           cDNA Library Preparation: M. Bento Soares, University of Iowa
           cDNA Library Arrayed by: The I.M.A.G.E. Consortium (LLNL)
           DNA Sequencing by: Agencourt Bioscience Corporation
           Clone distribution: MGC clone distribution information can be
           found through the I.M.A.G.E. Consortium/LLNL at:
           http://image.llnl.gov
           Plate: NDAM1073 row: m column: 01
           High quality sequence stop: 643.

FEATURES             source
Location/Qualifiers
1..770
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/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/clone="IMAGE:30708096"
/lab_host="DH10B Tona"
/clone_lib="NIH_MGC_221"
/organ="Organ: mixed; Vector: pYX-Asc; Site 1: EcoRI;
Site 2: NotI; Library is oligo-dT primed and directionally
cloned. Denatured RNA was size fractionated on a 1% agarose
gel. First strand cDNA synthesis was primed with oligo-dT
primer containing a Not I site. Double strand cDNA was
size selected according to mRNA size fraction, ligated with
EcoR I adaptor, digested with Not I and then cloned
directionally into pYX-Asc vector. Average insert size
4-5Kb. Adaptors 5'(AATTCGGCAGGAGG)3' and 5'd
(CCTCGTCCG)3'. 3' Linker sequence - GCGGCCGTGAGACC T18.
Sequencing primers 3' end: T3 promoter primer 5'd
(TAATACCTCACTAAAGGA)3'. 5' End: T7 promoter primer 5'd
(TAATACCACTCACTATAGG)3'. Library was constructed in the
laboratory of M. Bento Soares. Note: this is a NIH_MGC
Library"

ORIGIN
Query Match      76.8%; Score 19.2; DB 7; Length 770;
Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 1.1e+03;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy  2 AGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Db   704 AGACAGTTCATGAAGAGCATCAAC 681

RESULT 15
LOCUS   DN023192
DEFINITION JGI_CAAR3995.fwd NIH_XGC_tropliv1 Xenopus tropicalis cDNA clone
IMAGE:30708096 5', mRNA sequence.
ACCESSION DN023192
VERSION    DN023192
KEYWORDS   EST 10-FEB-2005
SOURCE     JGI_CAAR3995.fwd NIH_XGC_tropliv1
ORGANISM   Xenopus tropicalis (western clawed frog)

REFERENCE
AUTHORS    Richardson,P., Lucas,S., Rokhsar,D., Dettner,J.C., Ng,D.C.,
           Brokstein,P. and Lindquist,E.A.
TITLE      DOE Joint Genome Institute Xenopus tropicalis EST project
JOURNAL    Unpublished (2004)
COMMENT    Contact: Lindquist,E.A., Richardson,P.
           DOE Joint Genome Institute
           2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA
           Tel: 925 296 5600
           Fax: 925 296 5710
           Email: cdna@jgi-psf.org
           Tissue Procurement: Robert M. Grainger
           cDNA Library Preparation: Bruce Blumberg Laboratory, University of
           California, Irvine
           DNA Sequencing: DOE Joint Genome Institute: http://www.jgi.doe.gov
           Clone Distribution: I.M.A.G.E. Consortium/LLNL:
           http://image.llnl.gov
           Naming Conventions: EST name is generated by the concatenation of
           the JGI Clone Id and the direction of sequencing. The suffix '.fwd'
           indicates a forward sequencing read of the insert. It does not
           necessarily reflect the orientation of the insert.
           Plate: CAAR 0041 row: f column: 15
           High quality sequence stop: 830.

FEATURES             source
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/sex="male"
/tissue_type="Liver"
/dev_host="Adult"
/lab_host="Electromax DH10B T1 Phage Resistant cells"
/clone_lib="NIH_XGC_tropliv1"
/notes="Vector: pCS107; Site 1: EcoRI; Site 2: XhoI; The
library was prepared from 5 ug of poly A+ RNA by oligo-dT
priming
(5'-GAGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGACTAGTCTCGAGTTCGAGTTCATCTAC-3')
and Stratascript reverse transcriptase. After ligation of
EcoRI adaptors (5'-AATTCGGCAGGAGG-3') followed by Kinasig
adaptors and by XhoI digestion, the cDNA was size selected
by chromatography on Sepharose CL-2B columns and fractions
containing cDNAs larger than 1000 bp were ligated into
EcoRI/XhoI-digested pCS107. Reference for library
construction: Current Genomics 4, 635-644. Library
constructed by Michelle Tabb and Bruce Blumberg (Dept of
Developmental and Cell Biology, University of California,
Irvine)."

ORIGIN
Query Match      76.8%; Score 19.2; DB 8; Length 892;
Best Local Similarity 84.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+03;
Matches 21; Conservative 0; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy  1 TAGACAGTTCATGAAGTTCATCTAC 25
||||| ||||| ||||| ||||| |||||
Db   831 TAGATAGTTCANAAAGTTCCTCTAC 855

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Search completed: February 6, 2006, 15:50:28
Job time : 2332 secs

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